# BASIC GRAMMAR Self-study reference and practice for students of American English with answers and ebook

**Fourth Edition** 

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with William R. Smalzer and Joseph Chapple

THE WORLD'S BEST-SELLING GRAMMAR SERIES

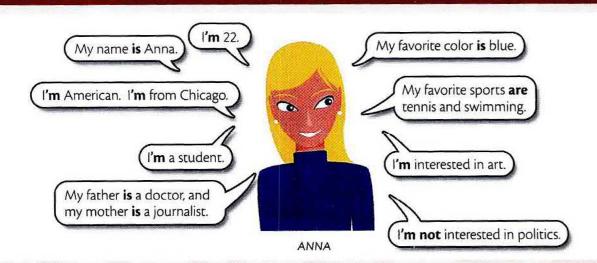


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# BASIC GRAMAR IN USE



A



B Affirmative

Аунти	LIVE	
1	am	(l'm)
he she it	is	(he <b>'s</b> ) (she <b>'s</b> ) (it <b>'s</b> )
we you they	are	(we <b>'re</b> ) (you <b>'re</b> ) (they <b>'re</b> )

Negative

1	am not	(l'm not)			
he she it	is not	(he's not (she's not (it's not	or	he isn't) she isn't) it isn't)	
we you they	are not	(we're not (you're not (they're not	or	ALTERNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	

short form

short forms

- O I'm tired, but I'm not hungry.
- O I'm 32 years old. My sister is 29.
- O Alex is scared of dogs.
- Jane is Australian. She isn't American.
- These flowers are nice, and they aren't expensive.
- It's 10:00. You're late again.
- O I'm cold. Can I close the window?
- James isn't a teacher. He's a student.
- Anna and I are good friends.
- Paris **is** a beautiful city.
- Our house **is** near downtown.
- Tom isn't here. He's at work.
- O Your keys **are** on the table.

We say it's hot/warm/cold/sunny/dark, etc.

lt's sunny today, but it isn't warm.





that's = that is there's = there is here's = here is

- Thank you. That's very nice of you.
- O Look! There's Chris.
- "Here's your key." "Thank you."



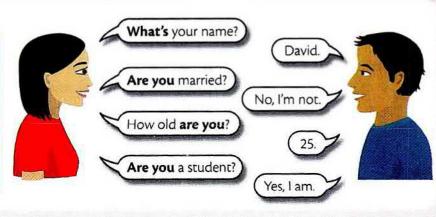
am/is/are (questions) → Unit 2 there is/are → Unit 35 it's... → Unit 37 a/an → Unit 63 (at) home → Unit 106 short forms → Appendix 4

2

A

- 1	am
he	
she	is
it	
we	
you	are
you hey	

am	1?
is	he? she? it?
are	we? you? they?



- O "Am I late?" "No, you're on time."
- "Is your mother home?" "No, she's out."
- "Are your parents home?" "No, they're out."
- "Is it cold in your room?" "Yes, a little bit."
- Your shoes are nice. Are they new?

We say:

В

- Is she home? / Is your mother home? (not is home your mother?)
- Are they new? / Are your shoes new? (not Are new your shoes?)

Where ... ? / What ... ? / Who ... ? / How ... ? / Why ... ?

- Where is your mother? Is she home?
- "Where are you from?" "Canada."
- "What color is your car?" "It's red."
- "How old is loe?" "He's 24."
- "How are your parents?" "They're fine."
- O These shoes are nice. How much are they?
- This hotel isn't very good. Why is it so expensive?

what's = what is who's = who is how's = how is where's = where is

- What's your phone number?
- O Who's that man?

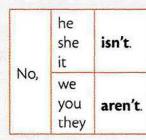
Where's Emily?

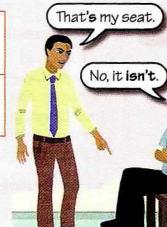
How's your father?

C Short answers

	1	am.
Yes,	he she it	is.
	we you they	are.

No,	ľm	
	he's she's it's	not.
	we <b>'re</b> you <b>'re</b> they <b>'re</b>	





- O "Are you tired?" "Yes, I am."
- "Are you hungry?" "No, I'm not, but I'm thirsty."
- "Is your friend Japanese?" "Yes, he is."
- "Are these your keys?" "Yes, they are."
- "That's my seat." "No, it isn't."

# nd the right answers for the questions.

ring the right answers for t				
1	Where's the camera?			
2	Is your car blue?			
3	Is Nicole from London?			
4	Am I late?			
5	Where's Megan from?			
6	What color is your bag?			
7	Are you hungry?			

	Α	Toronto.
	В	No, I'm not.
	C	Yes, you are.
	D	My sister.
	E	Black.
	F	No, it's black.
	G	In your bag.
	Н	No, she's American.
	1	Fine.
1		

A	Ioronto.	- 1	G
В	No, I'm not.	2	
C	Yes, you are.	3	***************
D	My sister.	4	
E	Black.	5	
F	No, it's black.	6	
G	In your bag.	7	
Н	No, she's American.	8	
1	Fine.	9	

### Make questions with these words. 2.2

8 How is Christopher? 9 Who's that woman?

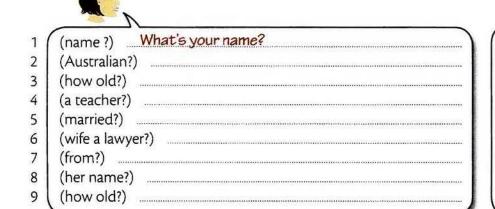
1	(is / home / your mother)	Is your mother home
2	(your parents / are / how)	How are your parents
3	(interesting / is / your job)	
4	(the stores / are / open today)	
5	(from / where / you / are)	
6	(interested in sports / you / are)	***************************************
7	(is / near here / the train station)	
8	(at school / are / your children)	
9	Access to the second of the se	

## Complete the questions. Use What ... / Who ... / Where ... / How ....

ware your children?	
the bus stop?	
your children?	
these oranges?	
your favorite sport?	
the man in this photo?	
your new shoes?	(

They're fine. At the end of the block. Five, six, and ten. \$1.50 a pound. Skiing. That's my father. Black.

# Write the questions.





Eric. No, I'm Canadian. I'm 30. No, I'm a lawyer. Yes, I am. No, she's a teacher. She's from Mexico. Ana. She's 27.

### Write short answers (Yes, I am. / No, he isn't., etc.). 2.5

1	Are you married?	No, I'm not.	4	Are your hands cold?
2	Are you thirsty?		5	Is it dark now?
3	Is it cold today?		6	Are you a teacher?

2



She's eating.
She isn't reading.



It's raining.
The sun isn't shining.



They're running.
They aren't walking.

The present continuous is:

am/is/are + doing/eating/running/writing, etc.

L	1	am (not)	
	he she it	is (not)	-ing
	we you they	are (not)	

- I'm working. I'm not watching TV.
- Maria is reading a newspaper.
- O She isn't eating. (or She's not eating.)
- The bus is coming.
- We're having dinner.
- O You're not listening to me. (or You aren't listening...)
- The children are doing their homework.

am/is/are + -ing = something is happening now:

I'm working she's wearing a hat they're playing baseball I'm not watching TV

past

В

now

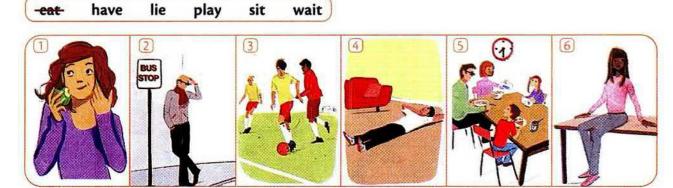
future

- Please be quiet. I'm working. (= I'm working now)
- O Look, there's Sarah. She's wearing a brown coat. (= she is wearing it now)
- The weather is nice. It's not raining.
- "Where are the children?" "They're playing in the park."
- (on the phone) We're having dinner now. Can I call you later?
- O You can turn off the TV. I'm not watching it.

For spelling, see Appendix 5.

come  $\rightarrow$  coming write  $\rightarrow$  writing dance  $\rightarrow$  dancing run  $\rightarrow$  running sit  $\rightarrow$  sitting swim  $\rightarrow$  swimming lie  $\rightarrow$  lying

### 3.1 What are these people doing? Use these verbs to complete the sentences:



1	She's eating an apple.	4	on the floor.
2	He for a bus.	5	breakfast.
3	Theysoccer.	6	on the table.

## 3.2 Complete the sentences. Use these verbs:

1	build	cook	leave	stand	stay	swim	take	work
1	Please	be quiet.	I 'm wor	king .				
2	"Where	e's John?"	"He's in	the kitche	n. He			
3	"You			on 1	my foot."	"Oh, I'm	sorry."	
4	Look!	Somebod	y		i	in the rive	er.	
5	We're l	nere on va	acation. V	Ve			at a hote	el on the beac
6	"Where	e's Sue?"	"She			a show	wer."	
7	They			a n	ew hotel	downtow	'n.	
8	1			now. G	oodbye!			

# 3.3 Look at the picture. Write sentences about Jane. Use She's -ing or She isn't -ing.



1 (have dinner) Jane isn't having dinner.
2 (watch TV) She's watching TV.
3 (sit on the floor) She
4 (read a book)
5 (play the piano)
6 (laugh)
7 (wear a hat)
8 (drink coffee)

3.4 What's happening now? Write true sentences.

1	(I / wash / my hair)	Im not washing my hair.
2	(it / snow)	It's snowing. or It isn't snowing.
3	(I / sit / on a chair)	
4	(I / eat)	
5	(it / rain)	
6	(I / study / English)	
7	(I / listen / to music)	
8	(the sun / shine)	
9	(I / wear / shoes)	
10	(I / read / a newspaper)	

**Affirmative** 

1	am	
he she it	is	doing working going
we you they	are	<b>staying</b> , etc.

Question

am		
is	he she it	doing? working? going?
are	we you they	staying?, etc.



- "Are you feeling OK?" "Yes, I'm fine, thanks."
- "Is it raining?" "Yes, take an umbrella."
- Why are you wearing a coat? It's not cold.
- "What's Eric doing?" "He's studying for his exams."
- "What are the children doing?" "They're watching TV."
- O Look, there's Emily! Where's she going?
- Who are you waiting for? Are you waiting for Sue?

В Study the word order:

is/are + subject + -ing

	ls	he	working today?
į.	Is	Ben	working today? (not Is working Ben today?)
Where	are	they	going?
Where	are	those people	going? (not Where are going those people?)

C Short answers

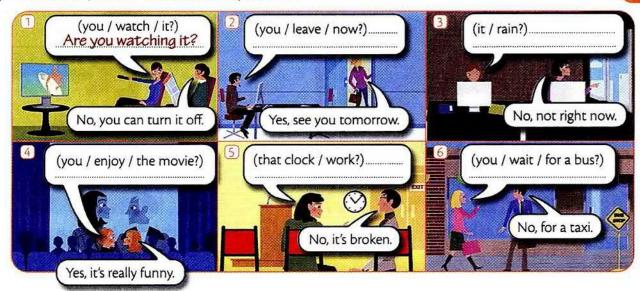
		am.
Yes,	he she it	is.
	we you they	are.

	l'm	
No,	he <b>'s</b> she <b>'s</b> it <b>'s</b>	not.
	we <b>'re</b> you <b>'re</b> they <b>'re</b>	

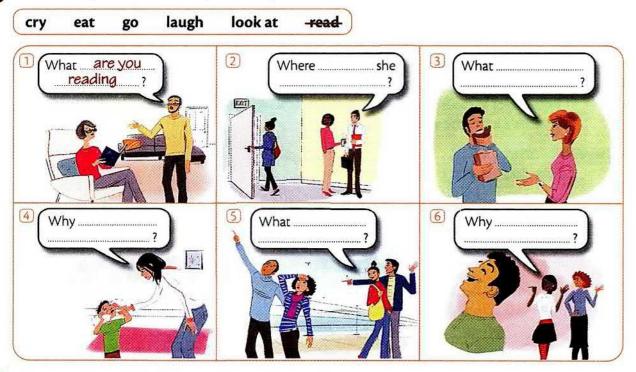
		he she it	isn't.
or	No,	we you they	aren't.

- "Are you leaving now?" "Yes, I am."
- "Is Ben working today?" "Yes, he is."
- "Is it raining?" "No, it isn't."
- "Are your friends staying at a hotel?" "No, they aren't. They're staying with me."

4.1 Look at the pictures and write the questions.



4.2 Look at the pictures and complete the questions. Use:



4.3 Make questions with these words. Put the words in the right order.

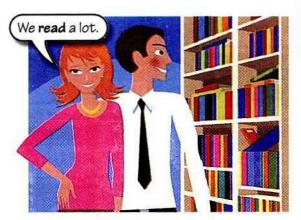
1	(is / working / Ben / today) Is Ben working today	?
2	(what / the children / are / doing) What are the children doing	?
3	(you / are / listening / to me)	?
4	(where / your friends / are / going)	?
5	(are / watching / your parents / TV)	?
6	(what / Jessica / is / cooking)	?
7	(why / you / are / looking / at me)	?
8	(is / coming / the bus)	?

4.4 Write short answers (Yes, I am. / No, he isn't., etc.).

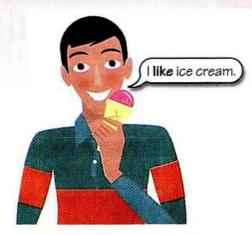
1	Are you watching TV? No. I'm not.	. 4	ls it raining?	
2	Are you wearing a watch?	. 5	Are you sitting on the floor?	
2	Augustin and the augustin and augustin and	-	A	

3 Are you eating something? \_\_\_\_\_6 Are you feeling all right? \_\_\_\_\_

A



They have a lot of books. They **read** a lot.



He's eating an ice cream cone. He **likes** ice cream.

They read / he likes / I work, etc. = the simple present:

I/we/you/they	read	like	work	live	watch	do	have
he/she/it	reads	likes	works	lives	watches	does	has

### Remember:

he works / she lives / it rains, etc.

- I work in an office. My brother works in a bank. (not My brother work)
- Emily lives in Houston. Her parents live in Chicago.
- O It rains a lot in the winter.

I have → he/she/it has:

O John has lunch at home every day.

For spelling, see Appendix 5.

$$try \rightarrow tries$$

$$go \rightarrow goes$$

В

We use the simple present for things that are true in general, or for things that happen sometimes or all the time:

- I like big cities.
- O Your English is good. You **speak** very well.
- Tom works very hard. He starts at 7:30 and finishes at 8:00 at night.
- The earth **goes** around the sun.
- We **do** a lot of different things in our free time.
- It **costs** a lot of money to build a hospital.

C

always/never/often/usually/sometimes + simple present

- Sue always gets to work early. (not Sue gets always)
- I **never eat** breakfast. (not I eat never)
- We often sleep late on weekends.
- Mark usually plays tennis on Sundays.
- O I sometimes walk to work, but not very often.

I don't ... (negative) → Unit 6 Do you ...? (questions) → Unit 7 I am doing and I do → Unit 8 always/usually/often, etc. (word order) → Unit 92

1 (watch TV in the evening) Lusually watch TV in the evening.

3 (get up before 7:00)
4 (go to work/school by bus)
5 (drink coffee in the morning)

2 (read in bed) 1 ......



She doesn't drink coffee.

He doesn't like his job.

### **Affirmative**

### Negative

1	work
we	like
you	do
they	have
he she it	works likes does has

l we you they	don't (do not)	work like
he she it	doesn't (does not)	do have

- O I drink coffee, but I don't drink tea.
- Sue drinks tea, but she doesn't drink coffee.
- O You don't work very hard.
- We don't watch TV very often.
- The weather is usually nice. It doesn't rain very often.
- Matt and Nicole don't know many people.

### Remember:

I/we/you/they don't ...

I don't like football.

he/she/it doesn't . . .

- He doesn't like football.
- O I don't like Josh, and Josh doesn't like me. (not Josh don't like)
- My car doesn't use much gas. (not My car don't use)
- O Sometimes he is late, but it doesn't happen very often.

We use don't/doesn't + base form (don't like / doesn't speak / doesn't do, etc.):

- O I don't like to wash the car. I don't do it very often.
- O Sarah speaks Spanish, but she doesn't speak Italian. (not doesn't speaks)
- Bill doesn't do his job very well. (not Bill doesn't his job)
- Mária doesn't usually have breakfast. (not doesn't ... has)

6.1 Write the negative.	
1 I play the piano very well.	I don't play the piano very well.
2 Anna plays the piano very well.	Anna
3 They know my phone number.	They
4 We work very hard.	TICY
5 Mike has a car.	,
6 You do the same thing every day.	
6.2 Study the information and write sen	
	Bill and Rose like classical music.
	Carol
Do you	Iclassical music.
like? BILL AND	2 Bill and Rose
ROSE CAROL	You Carol
1 classical music? yes no	
2 boxing? no yes	7
3 horror movies? yes no	3
yes	
2 (go to the theater)	ch TV very often. or I never watch TV. or
3 (ride a bike)	
4 (eat in restaurants)	
5 (travel by train)	
6.4 Complete the sentences. All of them	are negative. Use don't/doesn't + these verbs:
cost go know <del>rain</del>	see use wear
	200 E-00000
1 The weather here is usually nice. It	
2 Andy has a car, but he	
	they to the movies very often.
4 Amanda is married, but she	
	ich about politics. I'm not interested in it.
	much to stay there.
7 David lives near us, but we	him very often.
6.5 Put the verb into the correct form, at	
	- English, Korean, Arabic, and Spanish. (speak)
2 1 don't like my job. It's very bori	
3 "Where's David?" "I'm sorry. I	." (know)
4 Sue is a very quiet person. She	very much. (talk)
	a lot of coffee. It's his favorite drink. (drink)
6 That's not true! I	으로 보면 한 경험 전 경험 보는 사람들은 사용하다는 것을 하면 하는 그렇게 함께 하는 그렇게 함께 하는 사람들이 되었다면 하는 사람들이 되었다면 하는 것이다.
7 That's a very beautiful picture. I	it a lot. (like)
8 John is a vegetarian. He	

Do you .... (simple present questions)

A We use do/does in simple present questions:

Affirmative

1	work
we	like
you	do
they	have
he she it	works likes does has

Question

	1	
do	we	
ao	you	work?
	they	like?
does	he she	do? have?
	it	
	1	



B Study the word order:

do/does + subject + base form

	Do	you	play	the guitar?
	Do	your friends	live	near here?
	Does	Chris	work	on Sundays?
	Does	it	rain	a lot here?
Where How often What How much	do do does does	your parents you this word it	live? wash mean? cost	your hair? to fly to Puerto Rico?

Questions with always and usually:

	Does	Chris	always	work	on Sundays?
What	do	you	usually	do	on weekends?

What do you do? = What's your job?

"What do you do?" "I work in a bank."

Remember:

do I/we/you/they ... Do they like music? does he/she/it ... Does he like music?

D Short answers

Yes,	I/we/you/they <b>do</b> .	No,	I/we/you/they	don't.
165,	he/she/it does.	INO,	he/she/it	doesn't.
(	"Do you play the gui	ar?" "N	lo, I don't."	
	"Do you play the gui			J_ "
	<b>"Do your parents</b> sp	eak Engli	sh?" "Yes, they	do."
(		eak Engli	sh?" "Yes, they	do."